

COVID-19: TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY, LATITUDE AND SEASONALITY – THE AUSTRALIAN EXPERIENCE

DR ROWENA CHRISTIANSEN

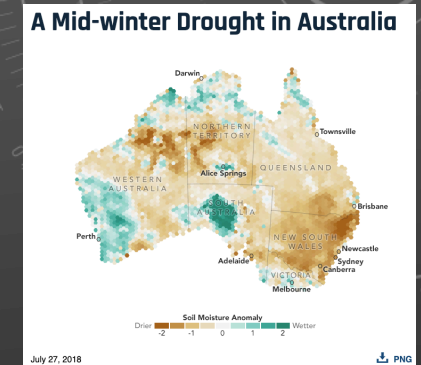
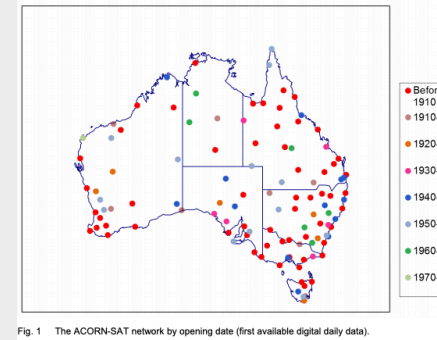
MBBS BA Hons LLB MBA MEH DCH GradDipEd ACCAM GradCertSpaceStudies FAsMA ISU SH-SSP16

UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE MEDICAL SCHOOL

CHAIR, AUSTRALIAN SKI PATROL ASSOCIATION MEDICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

AUSTRALIA 2020 – POPULATION ~ 25,722,000

- The world’s largest island and sixth-biggest continent
- Space technology and services utilization includes:
 - Weather forecasting
 - The Bureau of Meteorology ACORN-SAT dataset model also utilizes data from the UK MetOffice, NASA and NOAA
 - Emergency management
 - Telecommunications
 - Agriculture and mining
 - GPS.
- Frequent natural disasters - over the past twelve months affected by drought, bushfires, cyclones, floods and COVID-19
- 100 days since the official “lockdown” due to COVID-19 (some recent easing of restrictions depending on geographical location)



Summer of Extremes in Australia

Drought and extreme heat primed much of the continent for unusually extreme fire activity, which was then followed by dangerous flooding.

Cyclones over Australia

Late summer cyclones Ferdinand and Esther passed over and near northern Australia.

Published Feb 25, 2020

Atmosphere Water
Drought Fires

Australian Smoke Plume Sets Records

Potent wildfires sent one of the largest plumes of smoke higher into the stratosphere than certain satellites have ever observed.

Published Jan 31, 2020

Image of the Day
Atmosphere Heat
Land Drought Fires
Remote Sensing

Major Dust Storm Sweeps Across Australia

Following weeks of smoke, it was dust turning skies odd colors.

Published Jan 14, 2020

Image of the Day Land
Drought Fires

Fires Ravage Kangaroo Island

Nearly one-third of the island appears to have burned.

Published Jan 9, 2020

Land Life Drought
Fires

THE ORIGINAL PROMPT – COVID-19 AND ALPINE ENVIRONMENTS

- UNOOSA Space4Health webinar – multiple presentations on the use of EO to track and monitor the impact of COVID-19
- Eventually located the GEO Health Community of Practice webpage



Original Investigation | Infectious Diseases

Temperature, Humidity, and Latitude Analysis to Estimate Potential Spread and Seasonality of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Mohammad M. Sajadi, MD; Parham Habibzadeh, MD; Augustin Vintzileos, PhD; Shervin Shokouhi, MD; Fernando Miralles-Wilhelm, PhD; Anthony Amoroso, MD

A number of studies, including laboratory studies,^{9,10} epidemiological studies,^{11,12} and mathematical modeling,¹³ point to the role of ambient temperature and humidity in the survival and transmission of seasonal respiratory viruses. The tremendous level of research supporting both ambient temperature and humidity in its role in transmission and infection motivated this study to examine the influence of environmental factors on COVID-19. We sought to determine whether climate could be a factor in the spread of this disease.

- Research question: Does this apply to the Australian experience of COVID-19?

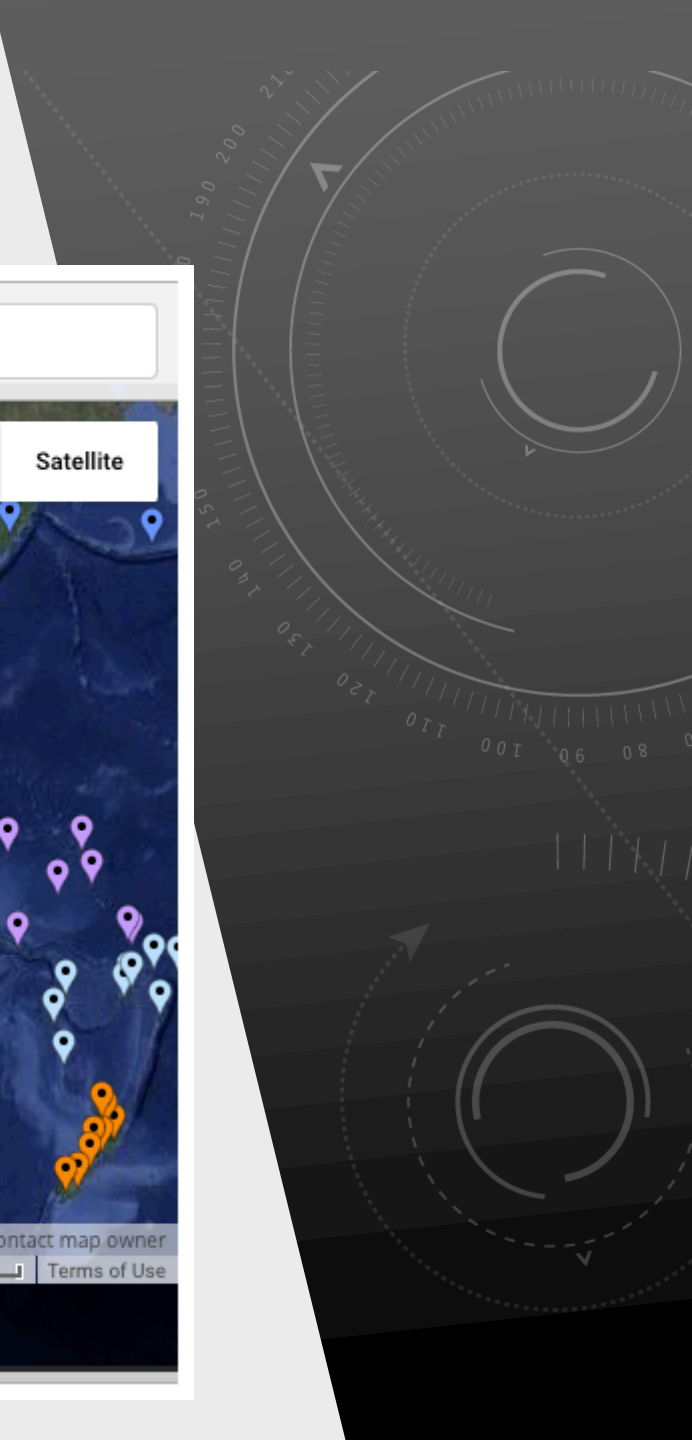
Key Points

Question Is severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 associated with seasonality, and can its spread be estimated?

Findings In this cohort study of 50 cities with and without coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), areas with substantial community transmission of COVID-19 had distribution roughly along the 30° N to 50° N latitude corridor with consistently similar weather patterns, consisting of mean temperatures of 5 to 11 °C combined with low specific and absolute humidity.

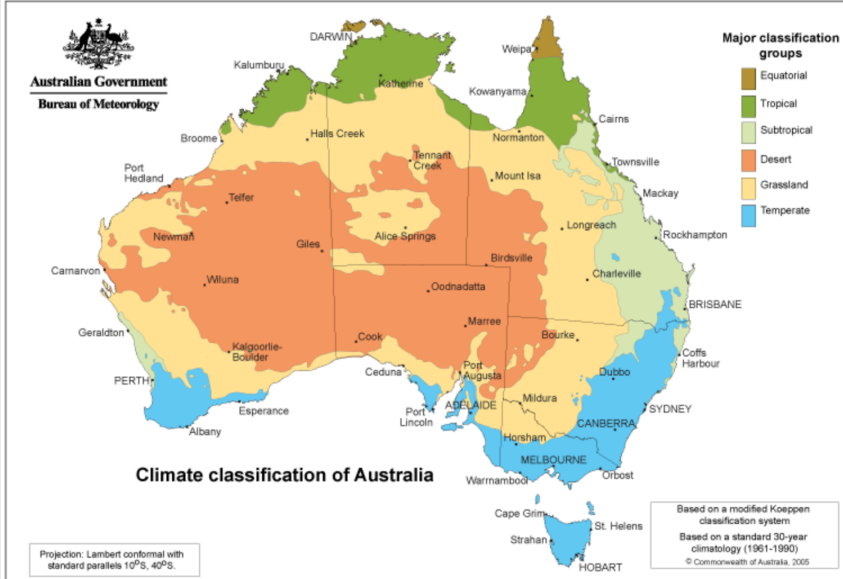
Meaning In this study, the distribution of substantial community outbreaks of COVID-19 along restricted latitude, temperature, and humidity measurements were consistent with the behavior of a seasonal respiratory virus; with modeling, it may be possible to estimate areas at high risk of substantial community transmission of COVID-19.

DOES THE 30°N TO 50°N LATITUDE CORRIDOR ALSO APPLY TO 30°S TO 50°S?

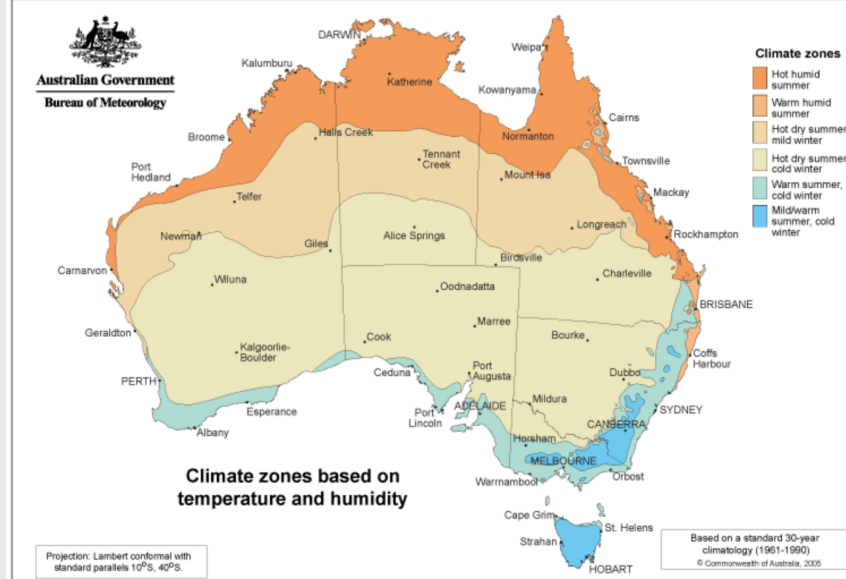


AUSTRALIA – CLIMATE, TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY, LATITUDE

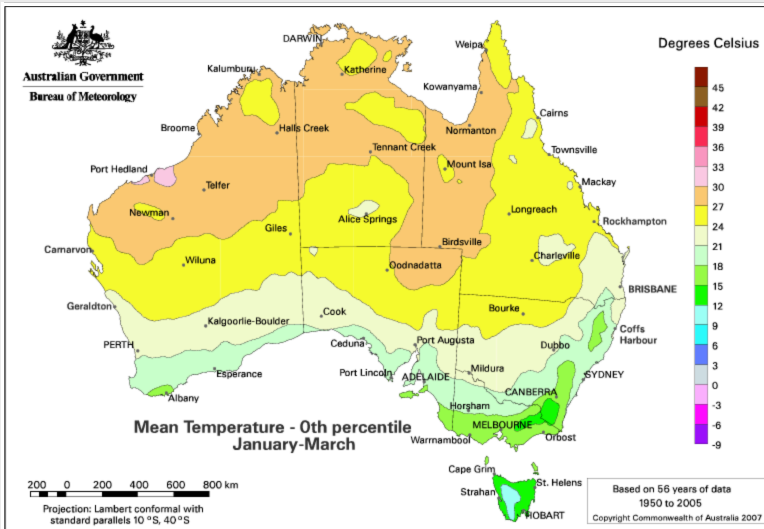
The Tropics (10°S) to Sub-Antarctic (45°S)



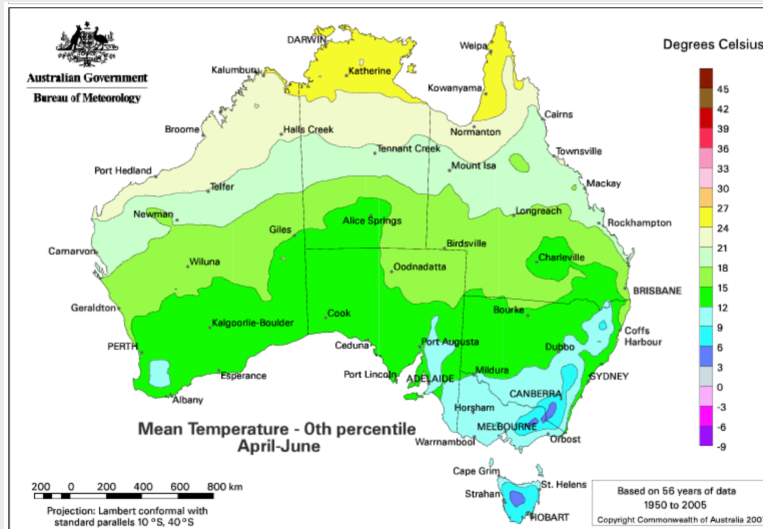
Product Code: IDCJCM000



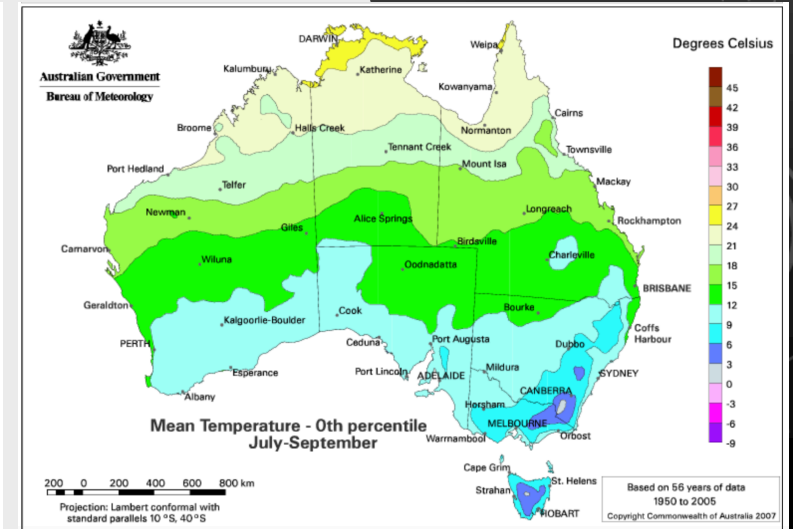
Product Code: IDCJCM000



Product Code: IDCJCM0010



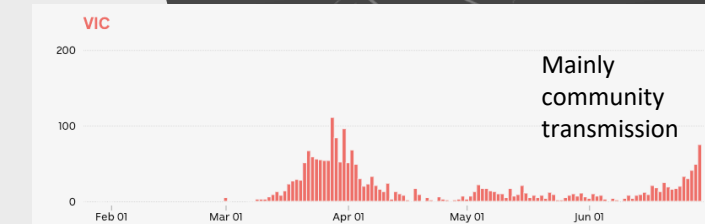
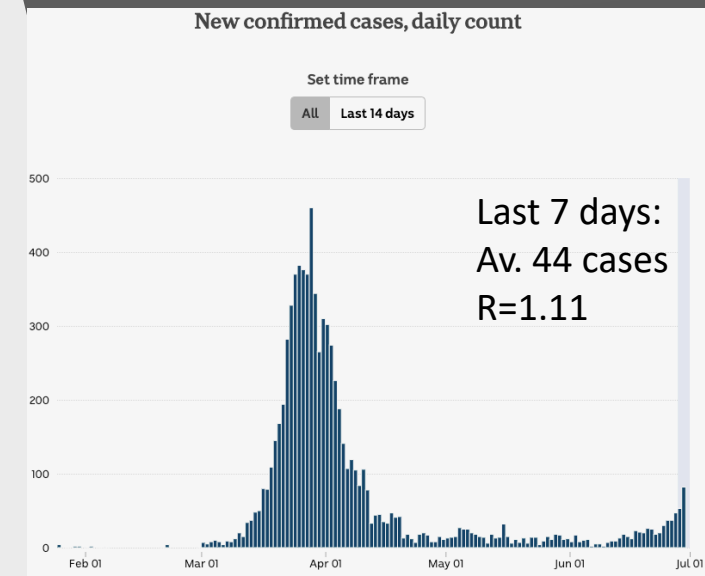
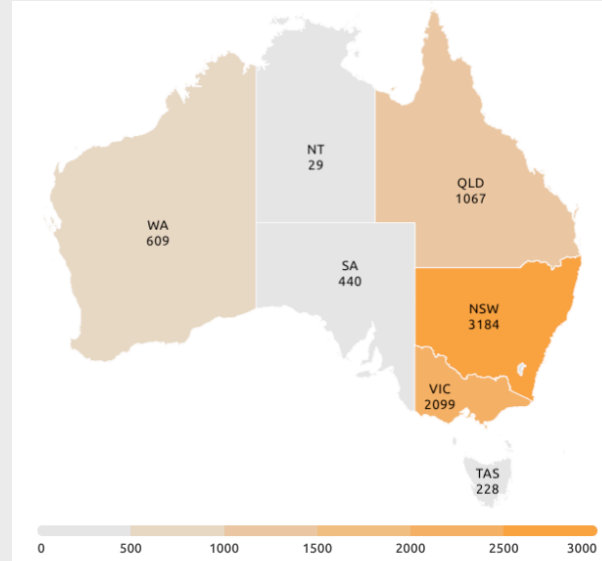
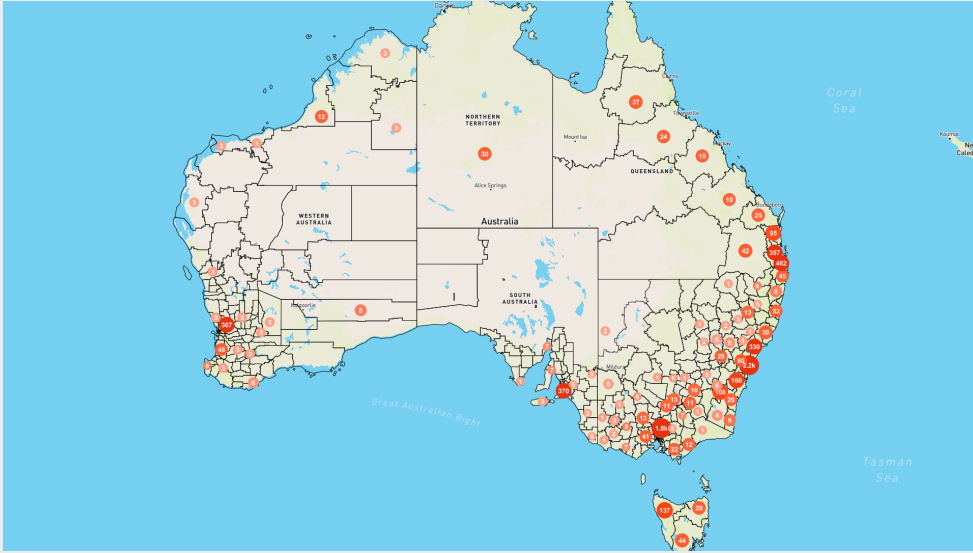
Product Code: IDCJCM0010



Product Code: IDCJCM0010

EARLY CONTAINMENT/ERADICATION SUCCESS

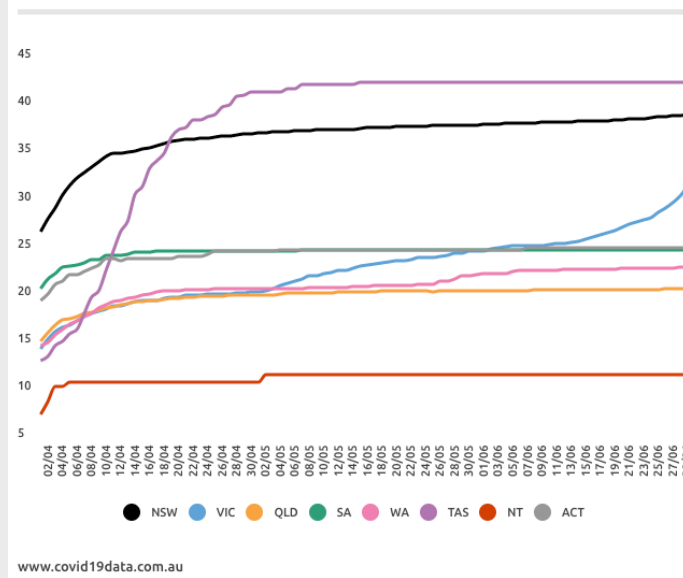
RECENT OUTBREAK IN MELBOURNE, VICTORIA (37°49'S)



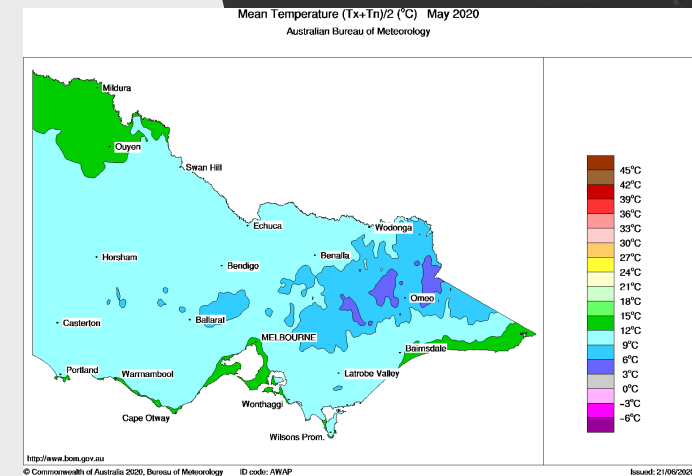
COVID-19 in Australia

State	COVID-19 cases	% of all cases in Australia	% of Australia's population	Deaths
NSW	3,184	41.0%	31.9%	49
VIC	2,099	27.0%	25.9%	20
QLD	1,067	13.7%	20.0%	6
WA	609	7.8%	10.3%	9
SA	440	5.7%	6.9%	4
TAS	228	2.9%	2.1%	13
ACT	108	1.4%	1.7%	3
NT	29	0.4%	1.0%	0
Totals	7,764			104

State and territory confirmed cases per 100,000 people



Melbourne: 75 new cases on 29 June



Is this a "seasonal outbreak"?

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

- All statistics and graphs are as at 29 June 2020
- Slide 1: Graph from <https://www.covid19data.com.au>.
- Slide 2: Australia's size image from an unattributed web source; ACORN-SAT network from www.bom.gov.au, drought satellite image from <https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/images/92583/a-mid-winter-drought-in-Australia>, and Summer of Extremes from <https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/images/event/145600/summer-of-extremes-in-Australia>.
- Slide 3: Sajadi *et al* extracts from JAMA Network Open. 2020;3(6):e2011834. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2020.11834.
- Slide 4: Cities by Latitude and Longitude from <https://blog.batchgeo.com/cities-by-latitude-and-longitude/>.
- Slide 5: All climate maps from the Australian Bureau of Meteorology www.bom.gov.au. Placement image from <https://nationalmap.gov.au>.
- Slide 6: COVID-19 distribution from <https://covid-19-au.com/> ; State-based statistics, map and graph from <https://www.covid19data.com.au/states-and-territories>; Australian and Victoria running tallies from <https://www.abc.net.au/news/2020-03-17/coronavirus-cases-data-reveals-how-covid-19-spreads-in-australia/12060704?nw=0#casesbystate>; and mean Victorian temperatures from the Australian Bureau of Meteorology www.bom.gov.au.

